Appendix 2: HRA impact and homelessness demands

An estimate for our Council of the number of additional homelessness applications due to the HRA and the methodology used to calculate this figure.

The methodology used to calculate the projected increase in Homelessness demand is to:

- Take the learning from Wales where there has been a 26% increase in homelessness applications based on similar new duties. The Welsh legislation was introduced in April 2015 so the percentage increase is robust, based on 18 months data.
- 2. To add on the estimated increase in applications due to a new duty on specified public authorities to refer households to the local authority housing service, if that public body believes that the household may be homeless or at risk of homelessness. This duty is not replicated in Wales therefore the impact needs to be added to the figures. Specified public bodies are likely to be The Police, Prisons, GPs, Hospitals, Schools and Colleges

Taken together, it is estimated that the increase in homelessness applications for Shepway District Council will be up to 50%. Tables 1 and 2 below set out the detail for how the projected increase has been calculated

Table 1: Additional Homelessness Demand as a result of the Homelessness Reduction Act

Description	Numbers/Calculation	
Estimated outturn figure for 2017/18 based on the	228	
number of homelessness applications in 2016/17		
Estimated increase in homelessness applications for	30% = 68 extra homelessness applications	
2018/19 based on the evidence from Welsh local		
authorities and the prediction for England		
Estimated increase in homelessness applications due	25% = 57 extra homelessness applications	
to the new duty on specified public authorities to refer		
Estimated increase due to the rise in homelessness	10% = 23 extra homelessness applications	
applications across England and our region based on		
the rise for 2015/16		
Total additional homelessness applications	376	
Minus 30% which is the average number of	368 - 108 = 263 households owed either a	
households found to be not homeless following the	new prevention duty or new relief of	
assessment of their homelessness application in Your	homelessness duty	
council		
Estimated Prevention duty caseload at 51%	134	
Estimated Relief of homelessness duty at 49%	129	
Prevention duty successful outcome cases (based on 88 require alternative accommodation		
Welsh figures) is 65% with 23 % helped to remain	sourced by the Council	
and 77% helped through alternative accommodation		
Relief of homelessness successful outcome cases	50 require alternative accommodation to be	
(based on the Welsh figures) is 45% all helped	sourced by the Council	
through alternative accommodation		
Total requiring alternative accommodation to be	133 – 34% where that accommodation is	
sourced by the Council	provided by social housing (based on Welsh	
	figures) = 88 households will require private	
	rented accommodation	

Table 2: Estimate of the additional Officer time required to implement the new duties

Description	Detail	Additional hours/costs (over 1 year)
Section 189A assessment and Housing Plans	260 households requiring an additional 2 hours interview	520 hours extra
Prevention and Relief casework	260 households requiring 5 hours casework per case	1300 extra hours
Additional Legal Notification letters required under the new legislation	4 letters per case and 1 hour per letter	1040 hours
Number of weekly PRS lettings required	88 per year	Cost of £102, 520 based on an average 1 months' rent in advance and 1 months' rent deposit of £1,165